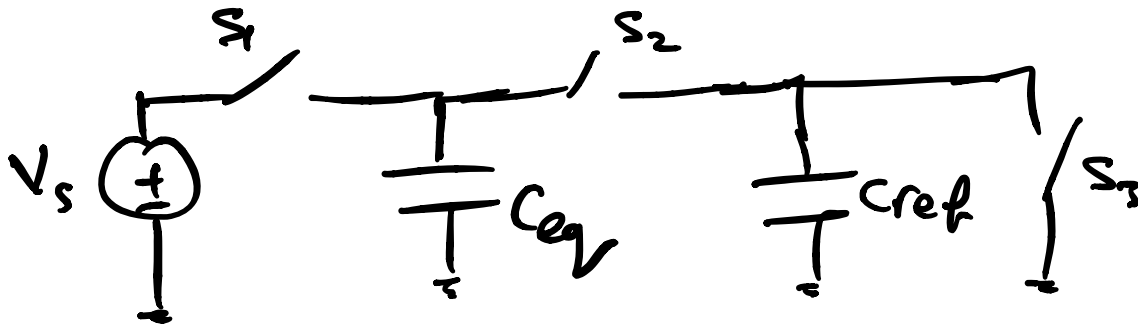
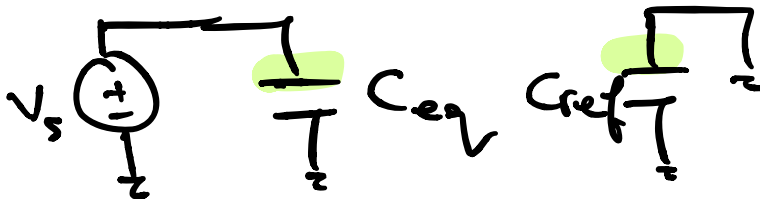


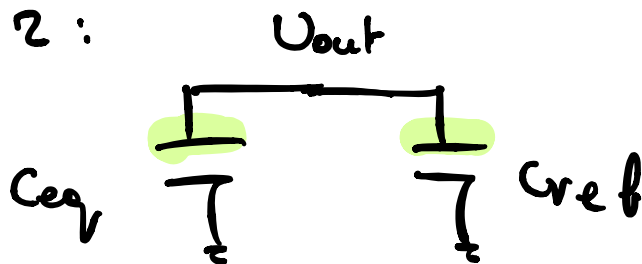
# Charge Sharing Walk-Through



Phase 1:



Phase 2:



$$Q_{out}^{(2)} = V_{out} \cdot (C_{eq} + C_{ref})$$

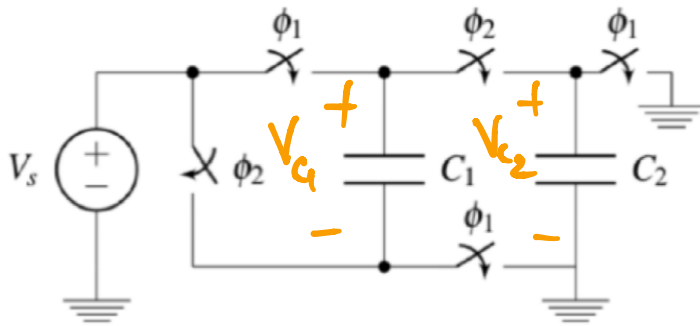
$$Q_{out}^{(1)} = C_{eq} \cdot V_{ceq}^{(1)} + C_{ref} \cdot V_{cref}^{(1)}$$

$$Q_{\text{out}}^{\phi_1} = Q_{\text{out}}^{\phi_2} \Rightarrow$$

$$V_{\text{out}} = \frac{C_{\text{eq}}}{C_{\text{eq}} + C_{\text{ref}}} \cdot V_s$$

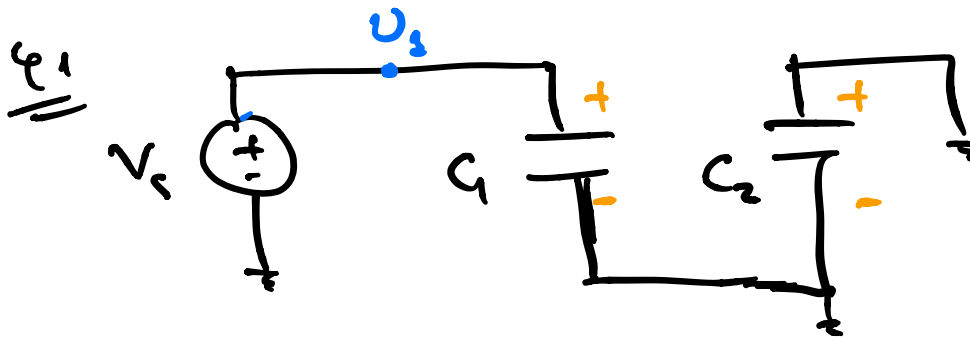
How about more complicated problems?

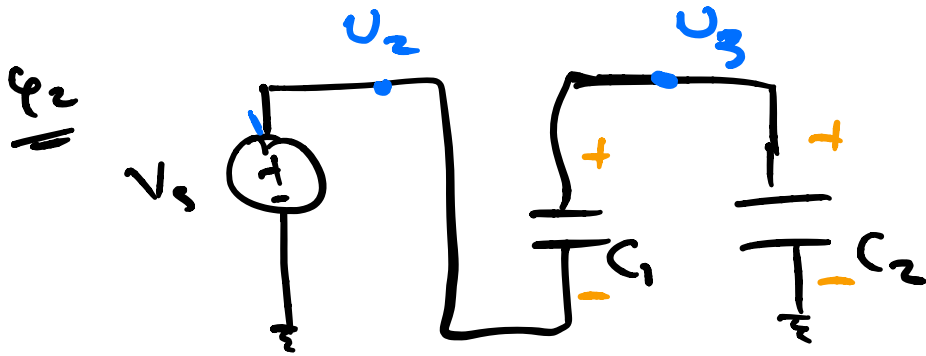
For the switch capacitor circuit below, calculate the value of all node voltages at the end phase 2, as a function of the voltage source  $V_s$  and the capacitors  $C_1, C_2$ .



Step 1: Label capacitor polarity

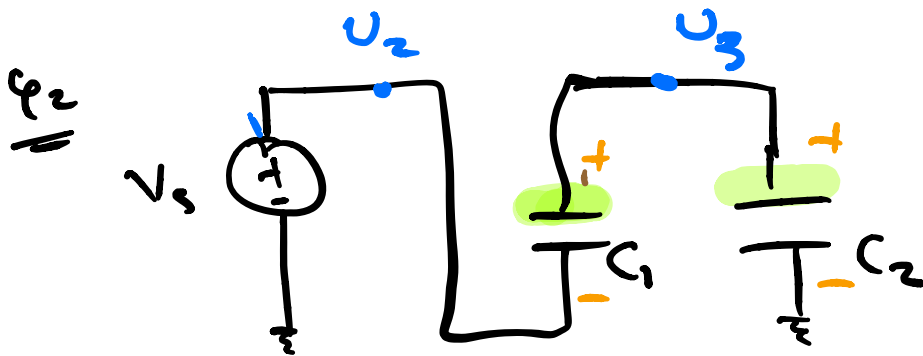
Step 2: Redraw the ckt during the two phases





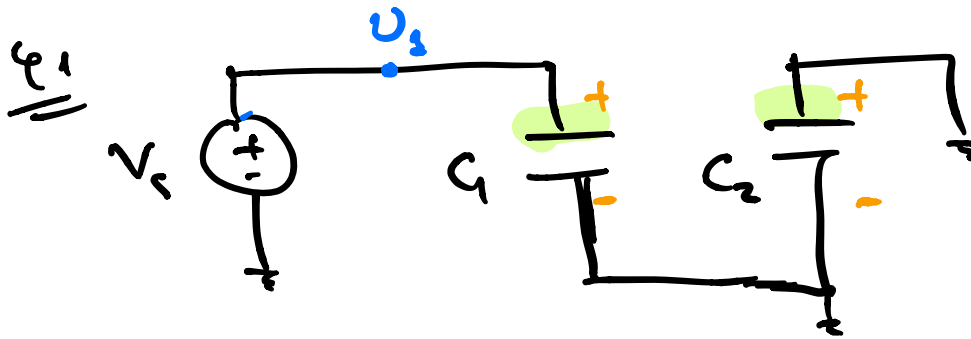
Step 3 : (Important)

Identify all "floating" nodes during phase 2. Those are the nodes where we will apply charge conservation (sharing).



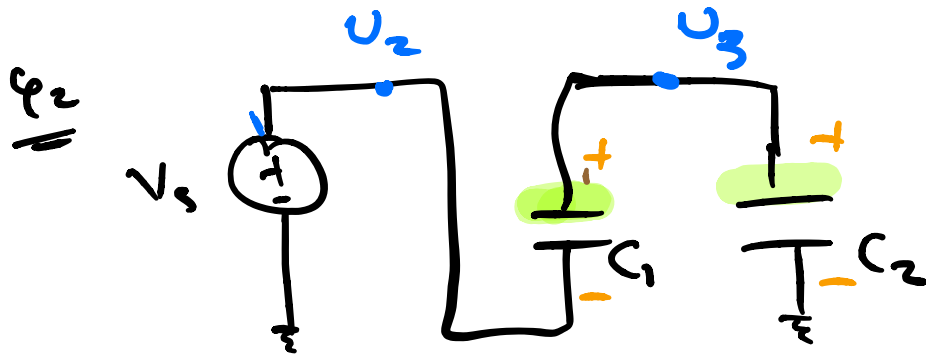
$U_3$  is our only floating node!

Step 4: Identify all capacitor plates connected to my floating node (phase 2). Calculate the charge on these plates during phase 1.



$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{v_3}^{v_1} &= +C_1 V_{C_1}^{v_1} + C_2 V_{C_2}^{v_1} \\
 &= C_1 (v_1 - 0) + \cancel{C_2 (0 - 0)} \\
 &= C_1 \cdot v_1 \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 5: Calculate the total charge on the floating node during phase 2



$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{U_3} &= +C_1 V_{C_1} + C_2 V_{C_2} \\
 &= C_1 (U_3 - U_2) + C_2 (U_3 - 0) \\
 &= C_1 (U_3 - V_s) + C_2 U_3 \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 6: Equate the charges from  
 phase 1 and phase 2  $\rightarrow$  charge  
 (step 4) (step 5) conservation

$$(1), (2) : C_1 \cdot V_s = C_1 (U_3 - V_s) + C_2 U_3$$

$$\Rightarrow 2C_1 V_s = (C_1 + C_2) U_3$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{U_3 = \frac{2C_1}{C_1 + C_2} \cdot V_s}$$