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## EE 247B/ME 218: Introduction to MEMS

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Solution: Use Principle of Virtual Work
- In an energy-conserving system (i.e., elastic materials), the energy stored in a body due to the quasi-static (i.e., slow) action of surface and body forces is equal to the work done by these forces ...
- Implication: if we can formulate stored energy as a function of the deformation of a mechanical object, then we can determine how an object responds to a force by determining the shape the object must take in order to minimize the difference \(U\) between the stored energy and the work done by the forces:
\(U=\) Stored Energy - Work Done
- Key idea: we don't have to reach \(U=0\) to produce a very useful, approximate analytical result for load-deflection
```

