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Polysilicon Surface-Micromachining Process Flow

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Layout and Masking Layers

- At Left: Layout for a folded-beam capacitive comb-driven micromechanical resonator
- Masking Layers:
 - 1st Polysilicon: POLY1(cf) *clear field*
 - Anchor Opening: ANCHOR(df)
 - 2nd Polysilicon: POLY2(cf) *dark field*
- Capacitive comb-drive for linear actuation
- Folded-beam support structure for stress relief

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Cross-sections through A-A'

- Deposit isolation LTO (or PSG):
 - Target = 2μm
 - 1 hr. 40 min. LPCVD @450°C
- Densify the LTO (or PSG)
 - Anneal @950°C for 30 min.
- Deposit nitride:
 - Target = 100nm
 - 22 min. LPCVD @800°C
- Deposit interconnect polySi:
 - Target = 300nm
 - In-situ Phosphorous-doped
 - 1 hr. 30 min. LPCVD @650°C
- Lithography to define poly1 interconnects using the POLY1(cf) mask
- RIE polysilicon interconnects:
 - CCl₄/He/O₂ @300W, 280mTorr
- Remove photoresist in PRS2000

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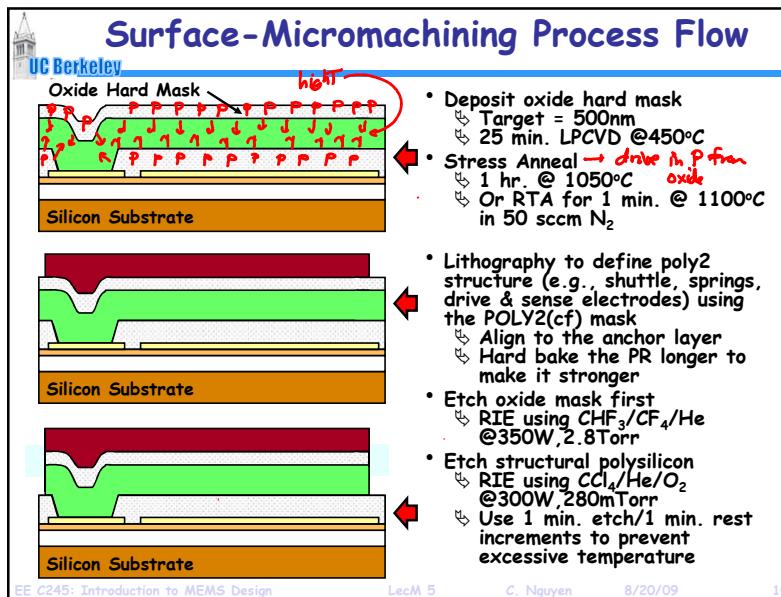
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Surface-Micromachining Process Flow

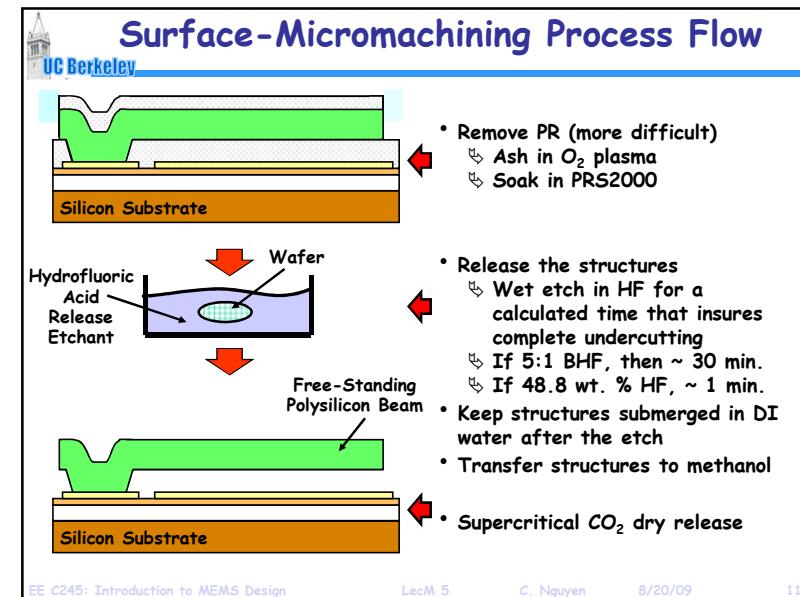
- Deposit sacrificial PSG:
 - Target = 2μm
 - 1 hr. 40 min. LPCVD @450°C
- Densify the PSG
 - Anneal @950°C for 30 min.
- Lithography to define anchors using the ANCHOR(df) mask
 - Align to the poly1 layer
- Etch anchors
 - RIE using CHF₃/CF₄/He @350W, 2.8Torr
 - Remove PR in PRS2000
 - Quick wet dip in 10:1 HF to remove native oxide
- Deposit structural polySi
 - Target = 2μm
 - In-situ Phosphorous-doped
 - 11 hrs. LPCVD @650°C

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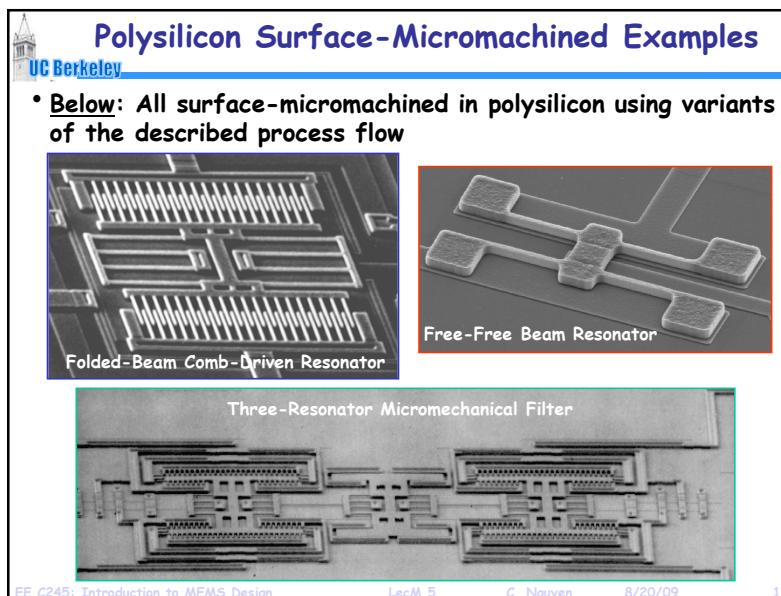
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Structural/Sacrificial Material Combinations

Structural Material	Sacrificial Material	Etchant
Poly-Si	SiO ₂ , PSG, LTO	HF, BHF
Al	Photoresist	O ₂ plasma
SiO ₂	Poly-Si	XeF ₂
Al	Si	TMAH, XeF ₂
Poly-SiGe	Poly-Ge	H ₂ O ₂ , hot H ₂ O

- Must consider other layers, too, as release etchants generally have a finite E.R. on any material
- Ex: concentrated HF (48.8 wt. %)
 - Polysilicon E.R. ~ 0
 - Silicon nitride E.R. ~ 1-14 nm/min
 - Wet thermal SiO₂ ~ 1.8-2.3 μm/min
 - Annealed PSG ~ 3.6 μm/min
 - Aluminum (Si rich) ~ 4 nm/min (much faster in other Al)

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Lecture 7m: Surface Micromachining

Microstructure Stiction

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- **Stiction:** the unintended sticking of MEMS surfaces
- **Release stiction:**
 - ↳ Occurs during drying after a wet release etch
 - ↳ Capillary forces of droplets pull surfaces into contact
 - ↳ Very strong sticking forces, e.g., like two microscope slides w/ a droplet between
- **In-use stiction:** when device surfaces adhere during use due to:
 - ↳ Capillary condensation
 - ↳ Electrostatic forces
 - ↳ Hydrogen bonding
 - ↳ Van der Waals forces

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