## Announcements

- Attend only your second lab slot this week and next week.
- HW \#3 online today.

■ Review session next Monday 5-8pm. Location TBD.

- Midterm \#1 next Tuesday 12:00-1:30. Location TBD.


## OUTLINE

■ Review and examples
$1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }}$ Order Circuits
Phasors
$\square$ Complex impedence

## Equivalent inductance



Equivalent Capacitance and Voltage Division

$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{eq}}=$ ?
$\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{eq}}=$ ?
$\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ ?

## 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Order Circuit Example 1



- Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t})$ knowing $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{u}(\mathrm{t})$, the unity step function.
- Plot the $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t}), \mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t}), \mathrm{E}_{\text {capacitor }}(\mathrm{t})$


## $1^{\text {st }}$ Order Circuit Example 2



- Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t})$ knowing $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{u}(\mathrm{t}) / 10$, the unity step function
- Plot the $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t}), \mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t}), \mathrm{E}_{\text {capacitor }}(\mathrm{t})$


## $1^{\text {st }}$ Order Circuit Example 3



- Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t})$ knowing $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})=\operatorname{Acos}\left(\omega_{\mathrm{o}} \mathrm{t}\right)+\mathrm{u}(\mathrm{t})$


## $2^{\text {nd }}$ Order Circuit Example 1



- Find the damping factor and the natural frequency of this circuit.


## $2^{\text {nd }}$ Order Circuit Example 2



Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t})$ knowing $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{u}(\mathrm{t})$

## Phasor Example 1



- Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t})$ knowing $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})=\cos (\omega \mathrm{t})$
- Plot Vo(j $\omega$ )/i(j $\omega$ )


## Phasor Example 2



- Find the total equivalent impedance $\mathbf{Z}$ of the circuit.
- Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{j} \omega) / \mathrm{i}(\mathrm{j} \omega)$
- At what frequency is the impedance purely real?


## Complex Impedence Example 1


-Find $\mathrm{Vo}(\mathrm{t}) / \mathrm{Vi}(\mathrm{t})$
-Find the usable power transfer ratio $\mathrm{Po} / \mathrm{Pi}$ - Knowing $Z_{2}$, choose $Z_{1}$ such that $\mathrm{Po} / \mathrm{Pi}$ is max

