

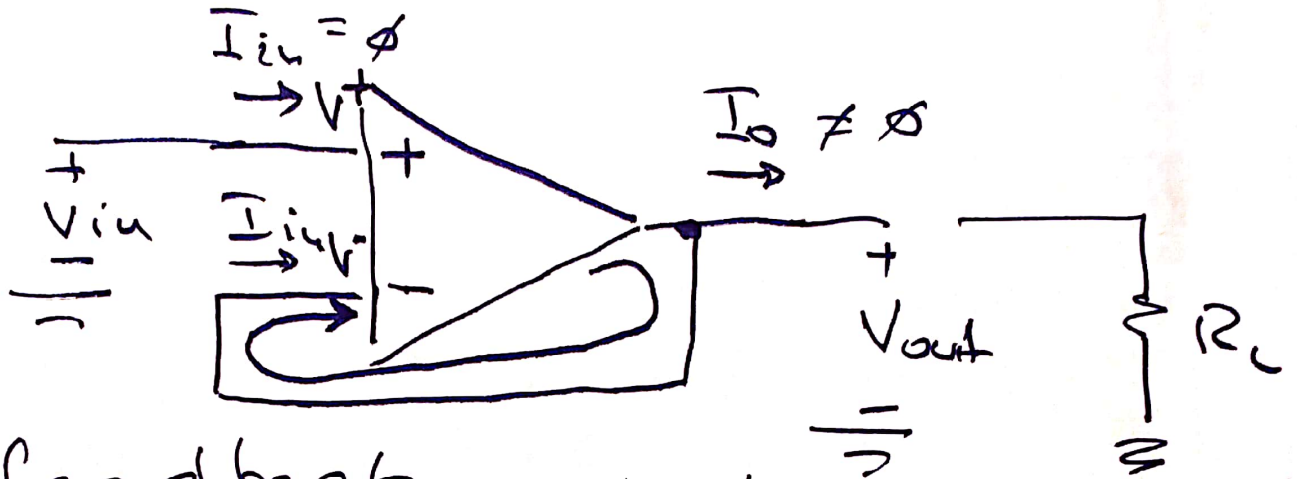
EECS 16A, Lecture 9, Mod 2<sup>0</sup>

## Opamps

- Recap
- Gain stages (basic configurations)
- NVA with opamps
- Current source
- Examples

# Recap

$V_{out} = V_{in} \Rightarrow$  Buffer



• feedback, negative

• ideal opamp:

- infinite "open loop" gain

-  $I_{in} = 0$

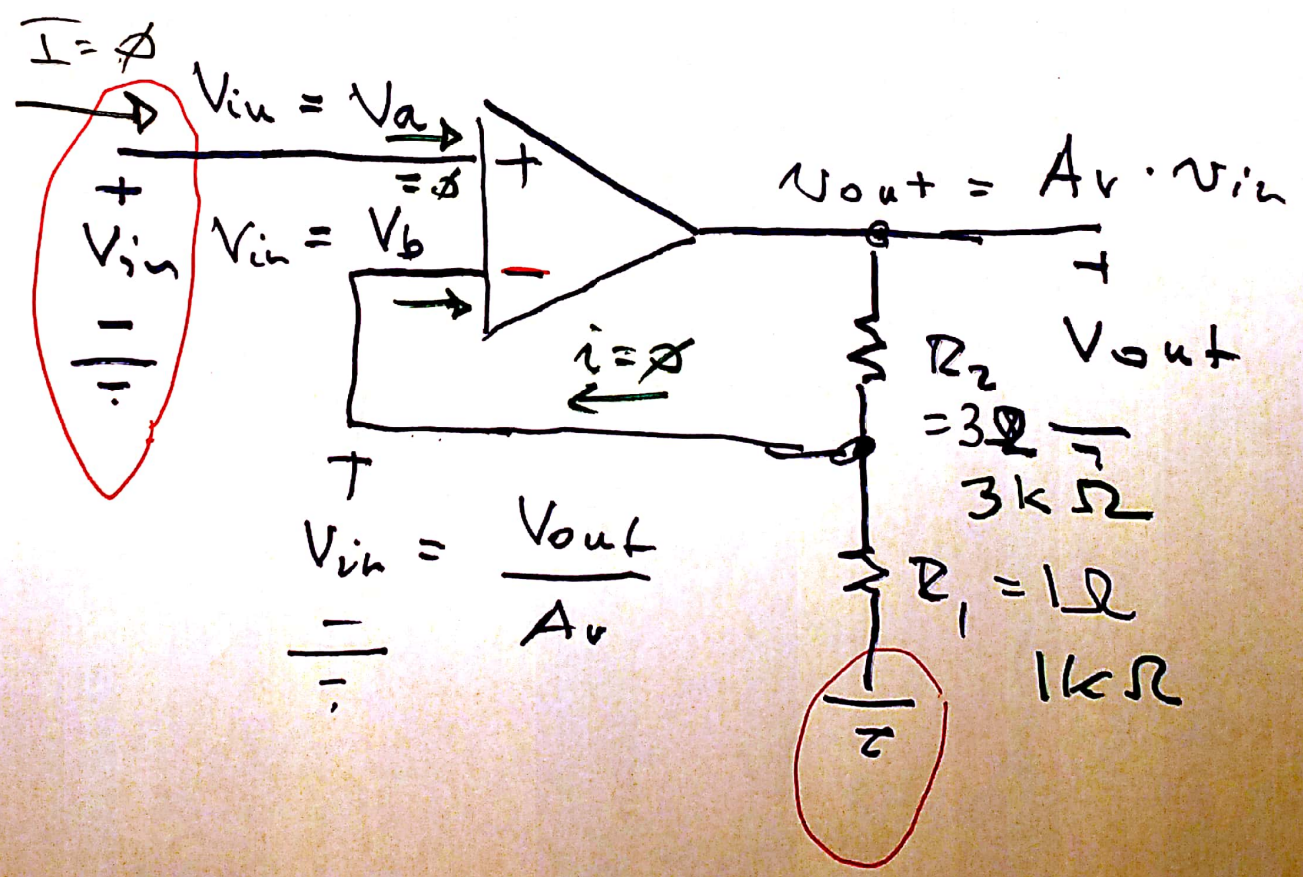
- "no supply"

-  $V^+ = V^-$

# Gain , Non-inverting

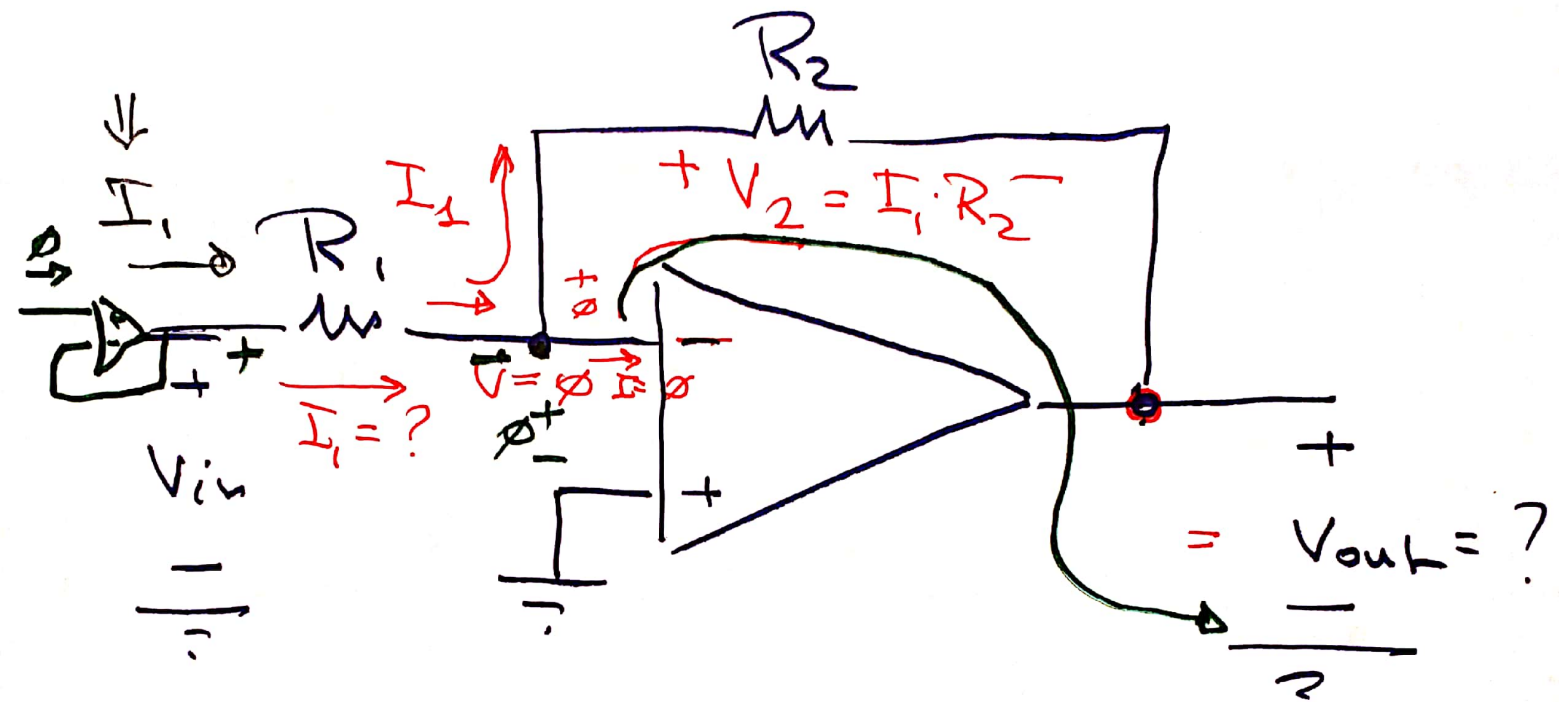
$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = A_v = \text{e.g. } 4$$

↑  
closed loop gain



# Inverting Gain stage

(4)



$$V_{out} = f(V_{in}, R_1, R_2)$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_{in}}{R_1}$$

$$\text{KVL: } V_2 + V_{out} = 0$$

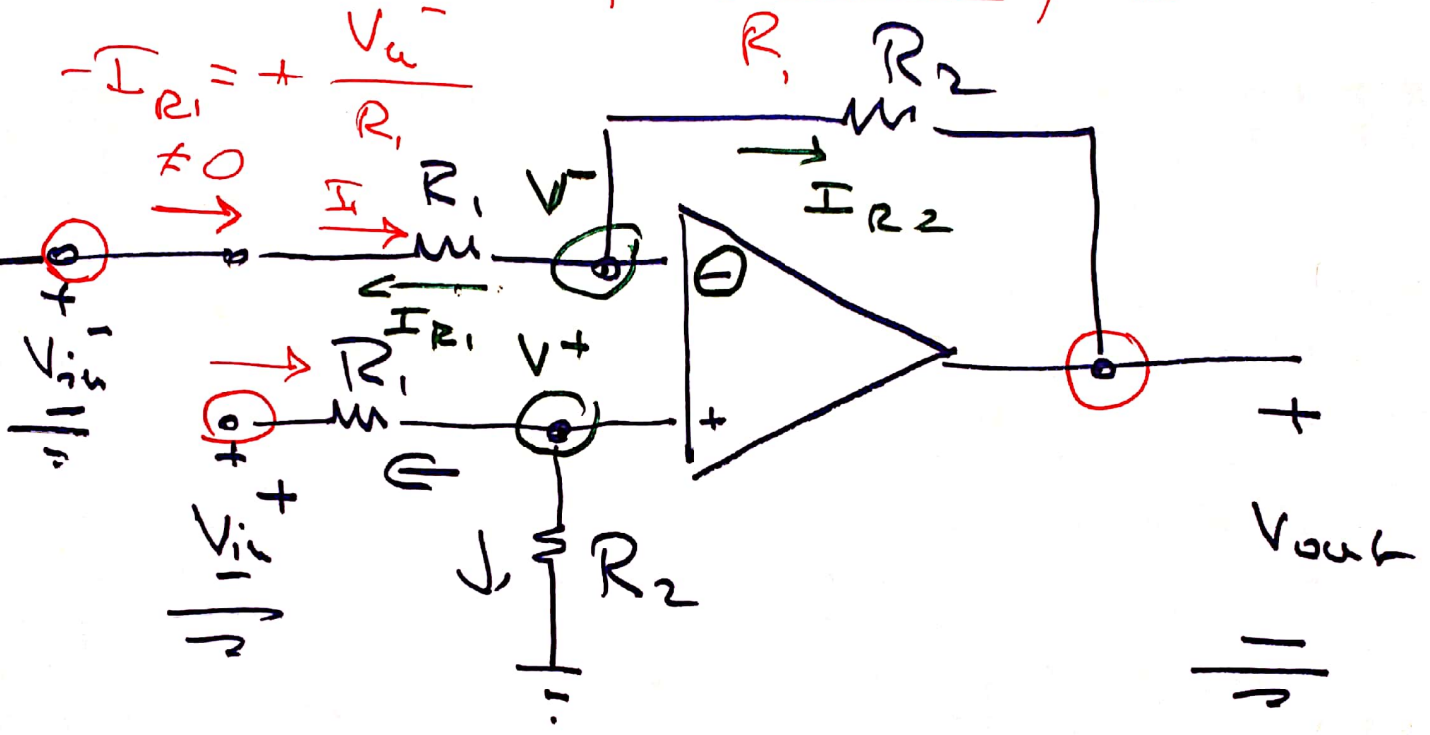
$$V_{out} = -V_2 = -I_1 R_2$$

$$= -V_{in} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

# NVA for Op Amps

(5)

$$I_1 = \frac{V_{in}^- - V^-}{R_1} \neq 0$$



no eq for  $V_{out}$

$$V^+ = V^-$$

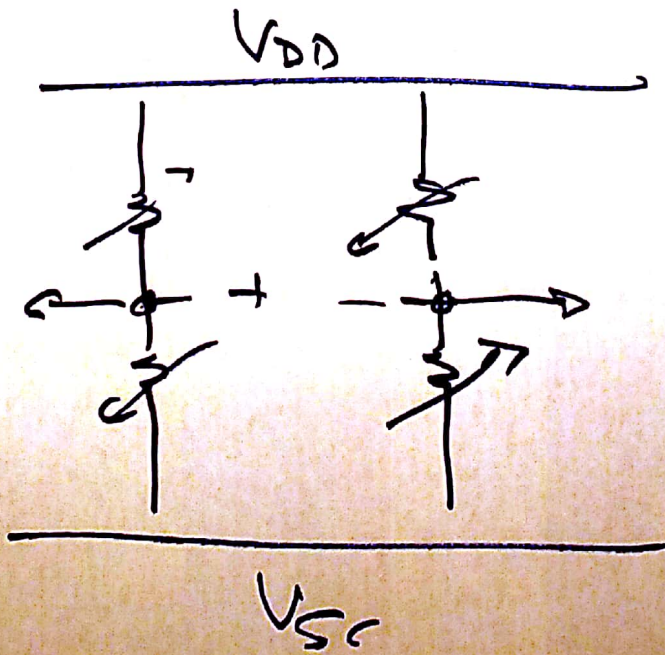
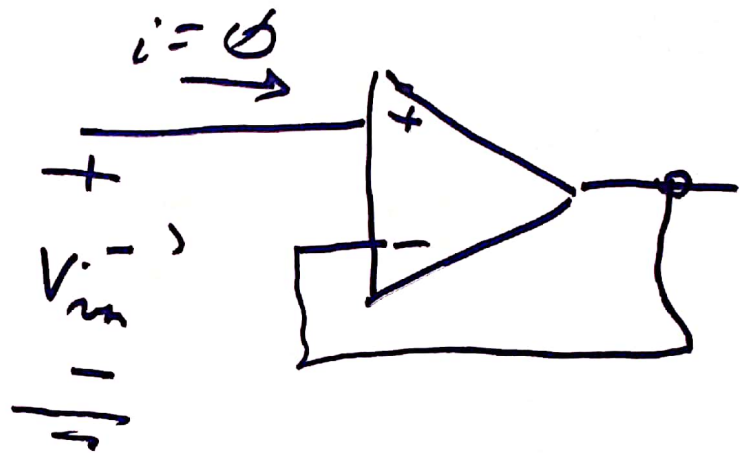
$$\uparrow (V^-) \quad I_{R1} + I_{R2} = 0$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{V^- - V_{in}^-}{R_1} + \frac{V^- - V_{out}}{R_2} = 0$$

$$\uparrow (V^+) \quad \frac{V^+ - V_{in}^+}{R_1} + \frac{V^+}{R_2} = 0$$

5a



⑥

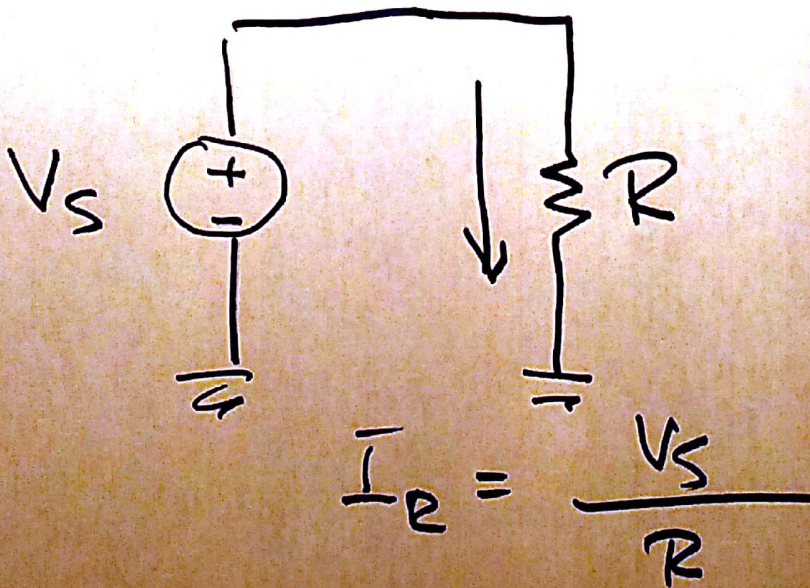
$$\frac{V}{R} \quad V^+ = V^-$$



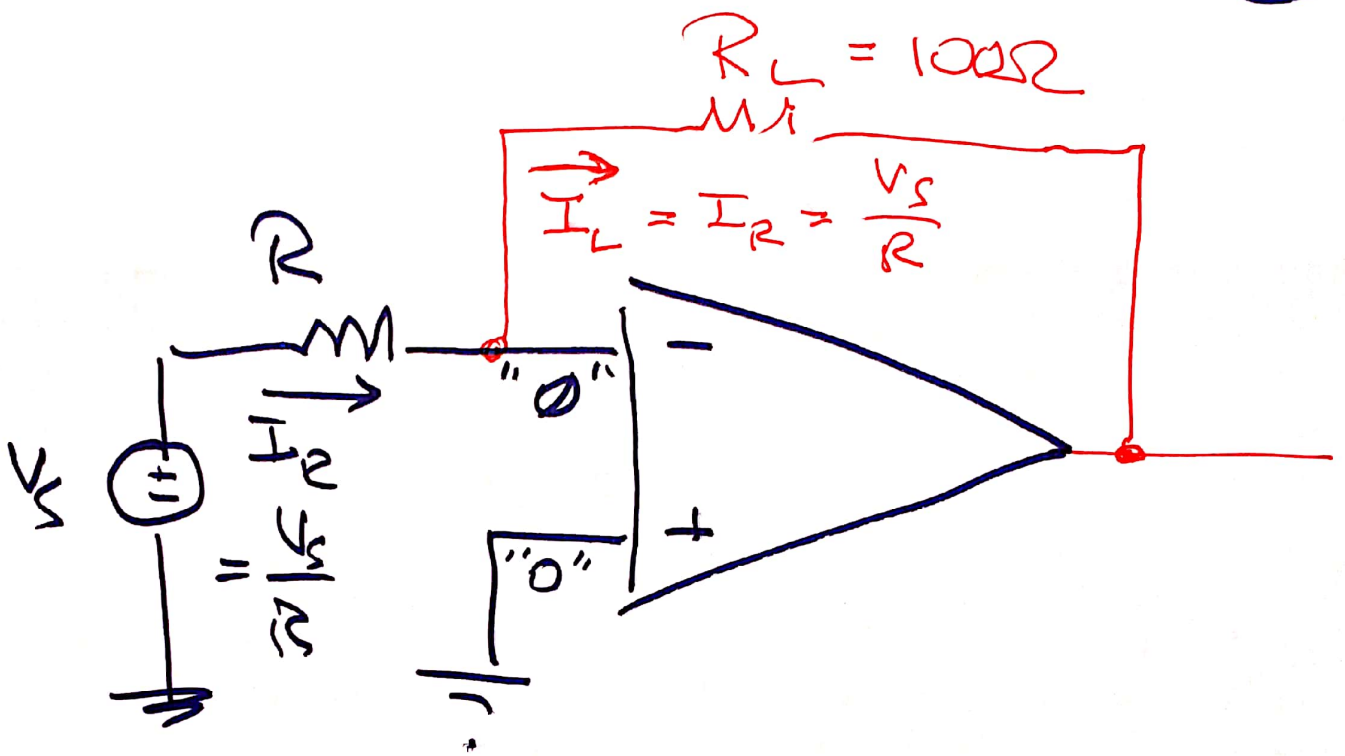
$$V_{out} = (V_{in}^+ - V_{in}^-) \cdot \frac{R}{R}$$

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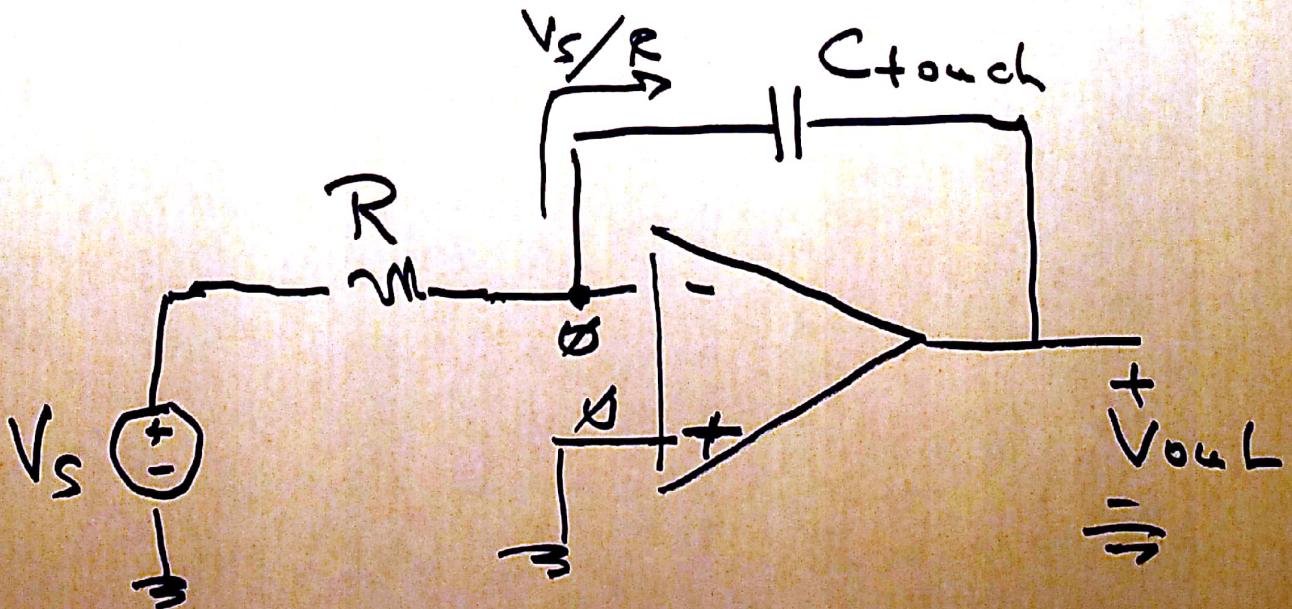
Current Source



7

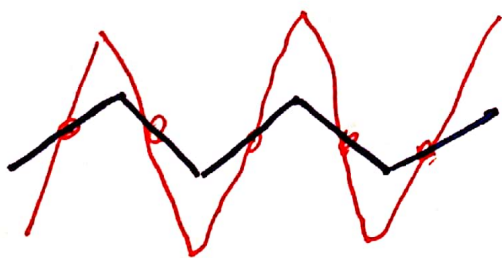
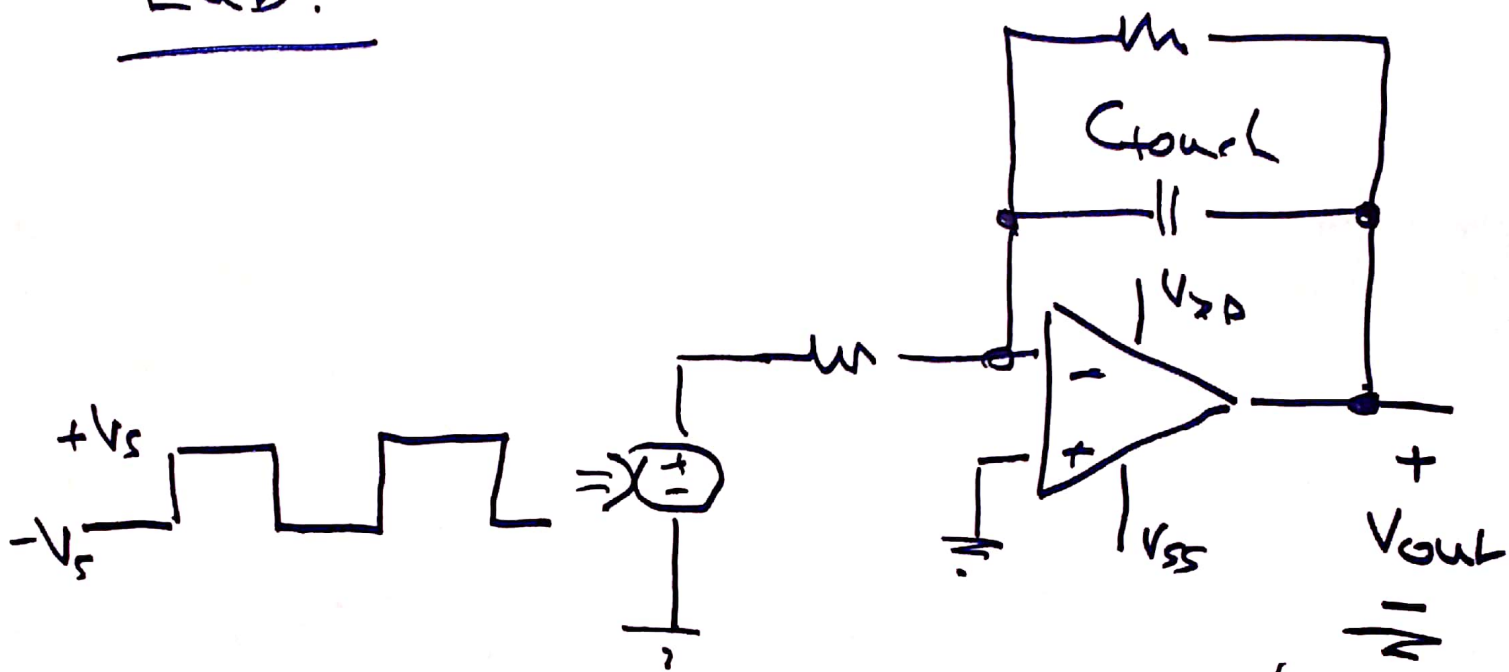


Touch Sensor





Lab:



Oscilloscope