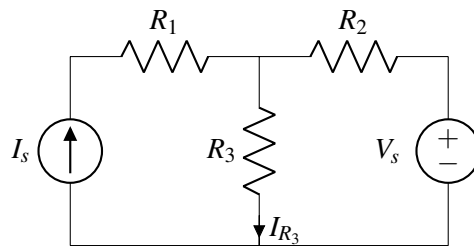

EECS 16A Designing Information Devices and Systems I

Fall 2022 Discussion 12A

1. Superposition

Consider the following circuit:



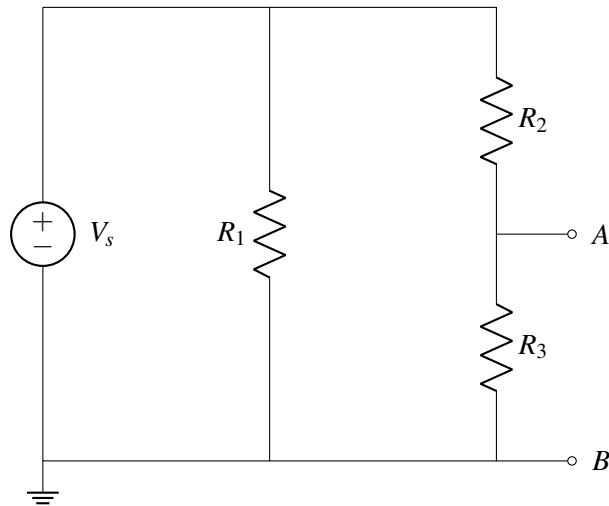
(a) With the current source turned on and the voltage source turned off, find the current I_{R_3} .

(b) With the voltage source turned on and the current source turned off, find the voltage drop V_{R_3} across R_3 .

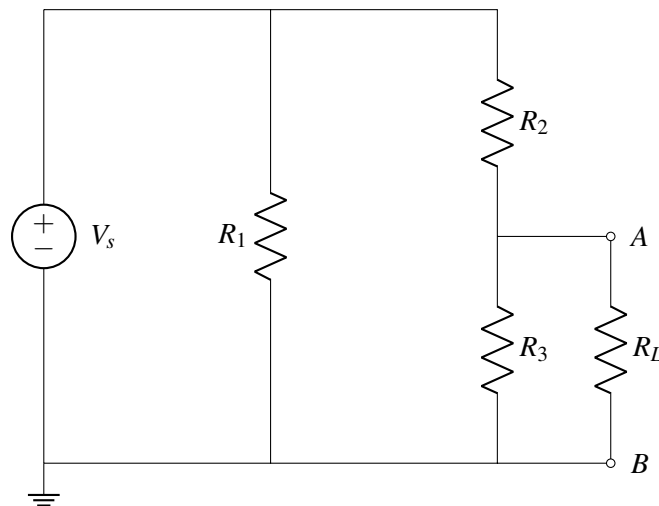
(c) Find the power dissipated by R_3 .

2. Thévenin/Norton Equivalence

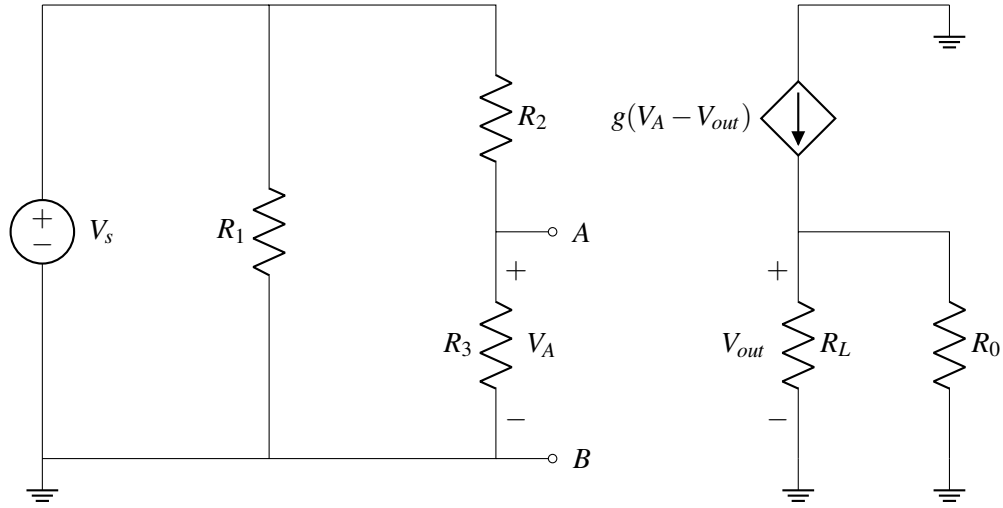
- (a) Find the Thévenin resistance R_{th} of the circuit shown below, with respect to its terminals A and B .



- (b) Now, a load resistor, $R_L = R$, is connected across terminals A and B , as shown in the circuit below. Find the power dissipated in the load resistor in terms of the given variables.



(c) We modify the circuit as shown below, where g is a known constant:

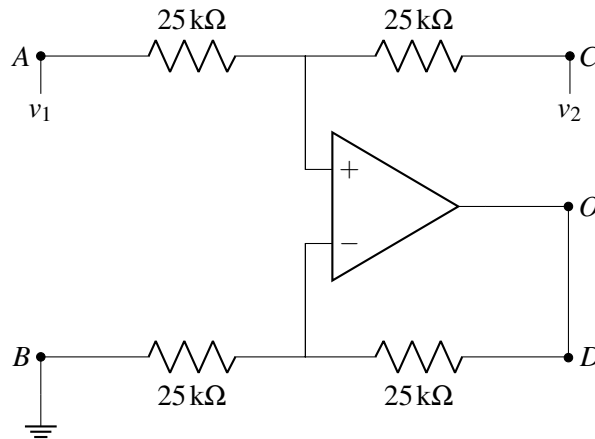


Find a symbolic expression for V_{out} as a function of V_s .
 Hint: Redraw the left part of the circuit using its Thévenin equivalent.

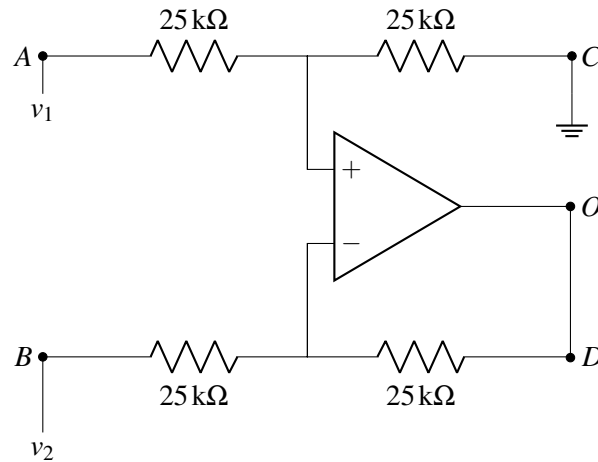
3. A Versatile Opamp Circuit

For each subpart, determine the voltage at O , given that v_1 and v_2 are voltage sources.

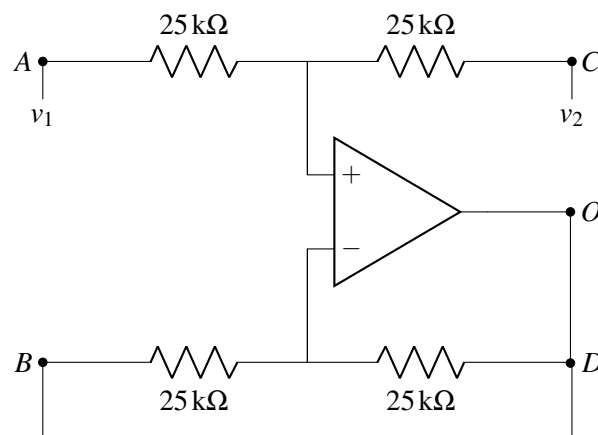
(a) Configuration 1:



(b) Configuration 2:



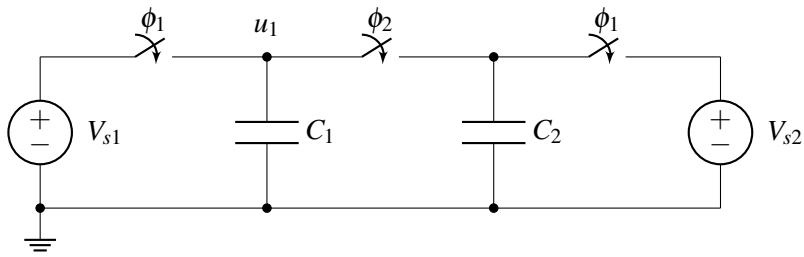
(c) Configuration 3:



4. Capacitive Charge Sharing (from Spring 2020 Midterm 2)

Consider the circuit below with $C_1 = C_2 = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ and three switches ϕ_1, ϕ_2 . Suppose that initially the switches

ϕ_1 are closed and ϕ_2 is open, such that C_1 and C_2 are charged through the corresponding voltage sources $V_{s1} = 1\text{ V}$ and $V_{s2} = 2\text{ V}$.



(a) How much charge is on C_1 and C_2 ?

(b) Now suppose that some time later, switch ϕ_1 opens and switch ϕ_2 closes. What is the value of the voltage u_1 at steady state?