## EECS 16A Designing Information Devices and Systems I

Spring 2022

## 1. Series and Parallel Combinations

For the resistor network shown below, find an equivalent resistance between the terminals $A$ and $B$ using the resistor combination rules for series and parallel resistors.


## 2. Superposition

For the following circuits:
i. Use the superposition theorem to solve for the voltages across the resistors. First, redraw the circuits with just one source (while zero-ing the other source). Then, for each circuit solve for each element voltage. Finally, sum the voltages at each node.
(a)

(b)

(c) (PRACTICE)


## 3. Thevenin and Norton Equivalence

The general Thévenin and Norton equivalents are shown below:


Find the Thévenin and Norton equivalents across terminals $a$ and $b$ for the circuit given below.


